

VIOLENCE & IT'S DIFFERENT DIMENSIONS

BY

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DEFINING VIOLENCE

- **Violence is "the use of physical force so as to injure, abuse, damage, or destroy."**
- **As per the World Health Organization's definition of violence, "the intentional use of physical force or power, threatened or actual, against oneself, another person, or against a group or community, which either results in or has a high likelihood of resulting in injury, death, psychological harm, maldevelopment, or deprivation."**

CONCEPTUALIZATION OF VIOLENCE IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS & PEACE & CONFLICT STUDIES

- Robert Paul Wolff defines violence as “the illegitimate or unauthorized use of force to effect decisions against the will or desires of others.”

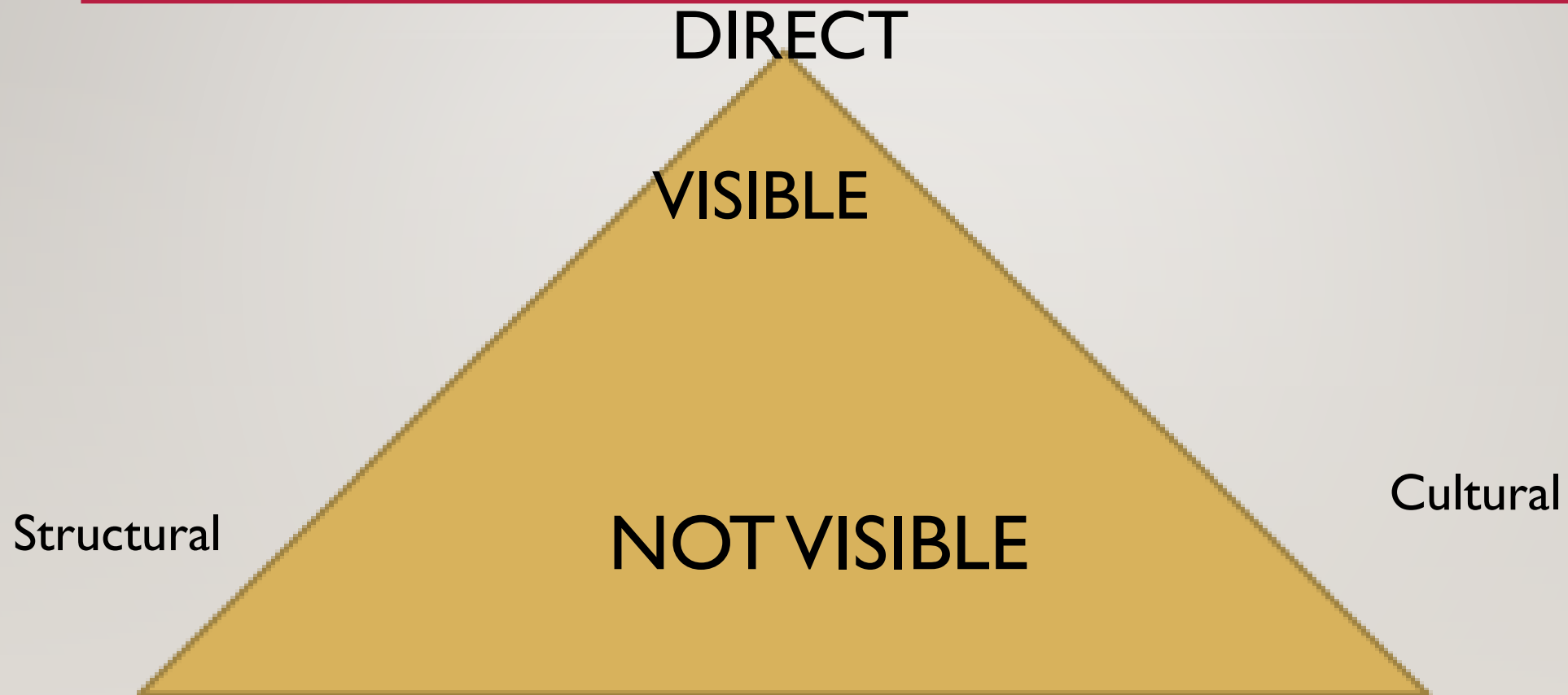
- Violence has also been defined as the “unjustified or unwarranted exercise of force, usually with the accompaniment of vehemence, outrage or fury.”
- Definition by Daniel Ross that draws as heavily on the concept of force as these first two is “action forceful enough to produce an effect [...] violence is thus something physical, something that affects things in the world.”
- Violence according to Smith as “immediate physical action-occupying buildings, beating opponents, burning property-which always involves a constraint on the person, and ultimately the rights of another.”



CONT..

- **Paul Riga defines violence as any social, economic, moral and political violation of the basic human rights of the person.**
- **John Keane defined violence at its basic form as “any uninvited but intentional or half intentional act of physically violating the body of a person who previously had lived ‘in peace’.**

TYOLOGY OF VIOLENCE (GALTUNG'S TRIANGLE)



JOHAN GALTUNG'S CLASSIFICATION

Direct

Direct Violence is a classic form of violence and it involves the use of physical force. Direct violence is visible, intentional and direct.

It is eruptive and involves catastrophic events. E.g. An 'assault or encroachment' on the physical/bodily integrity of another human being or his/her property.

Structural

Structural violence refers to discrimination, deprivation, social injustice, inequality between men and women, and denial of human rights. This type of violence is rooted in social structure.

Cultural Violence

Cultural violence is seen as the source of other types of violence through its production of hatred, fear and suspicion. Religion, ideology and art may be pointed out as possible sources of cultural violence.



CAUSES AND FORMS OF VIOLENCE

The World Health Organization divides violence into three broad categories:

- **Self-directed violence:**

Behaviour that is self-directed and deliberately results in injury or the potential for injury to oneself. e.g. Suicide, Attempt to Suicide, Self Harm etc.

- **Interpersonal/Domestic violence:**

When a person uses power and control over other through physical, sexual, or emotional threats or actions, economic control, isolation, or other kinds of coercive behaviour. E.g. Dating/Relationship Violence, Sexual Violence, Stalking, Bullying, Hazing, Child Abuse, Elder Abuse etc.



COLLECTIVE VIOLENCE:

According to WHO, collective violence may be defined as: the instrumental use of violence by people who identify themselves as members of a group – whether this group is transitory or has a more permanent identity – against another group or set of individuals, in order to achieve political, economic or social objectives.

Collective violence receives a high degree of public attention. Violent conflicts between nations and groups, state and group terrorism, rape as a weapon of war, the movement of large numbers of people displaced from their homes, and gang warfare – all these occur on a daily basis in many parts of the world.



CATEGORIZED FURTHER

Physical

Under physical violence human Physical beings are hurt somatically to the point of killing.

Psychological

Psychological violence includes lies, Psychological brainwashing, indoctrination of various kinds, threats, etc. that serve Violence to decrease mental potentialities.

Sexual

It involves; Rape or penetration of victim, victim was made to penetrate someone else, Unwanted sexual contact, Non-contact unwanted sexual experiences, Child sexual abuse, Molestation etc.

Racial

It involves violence on the basis of race, ethnicity, colour etc.



SOCIAL FACTS CONTRIBUTES TO VIOLENCE: DURKHEIM

Some common example of violence we witness everyday in the world but In India we also witness some common forms of violence i.e

Rape, Acid Attacks, Dowry Deaths(Burning of brides) etc. on Women (Direct Violence)

Poverty, Unemployment, Hunger, riots (Structural and Cultural Violence)

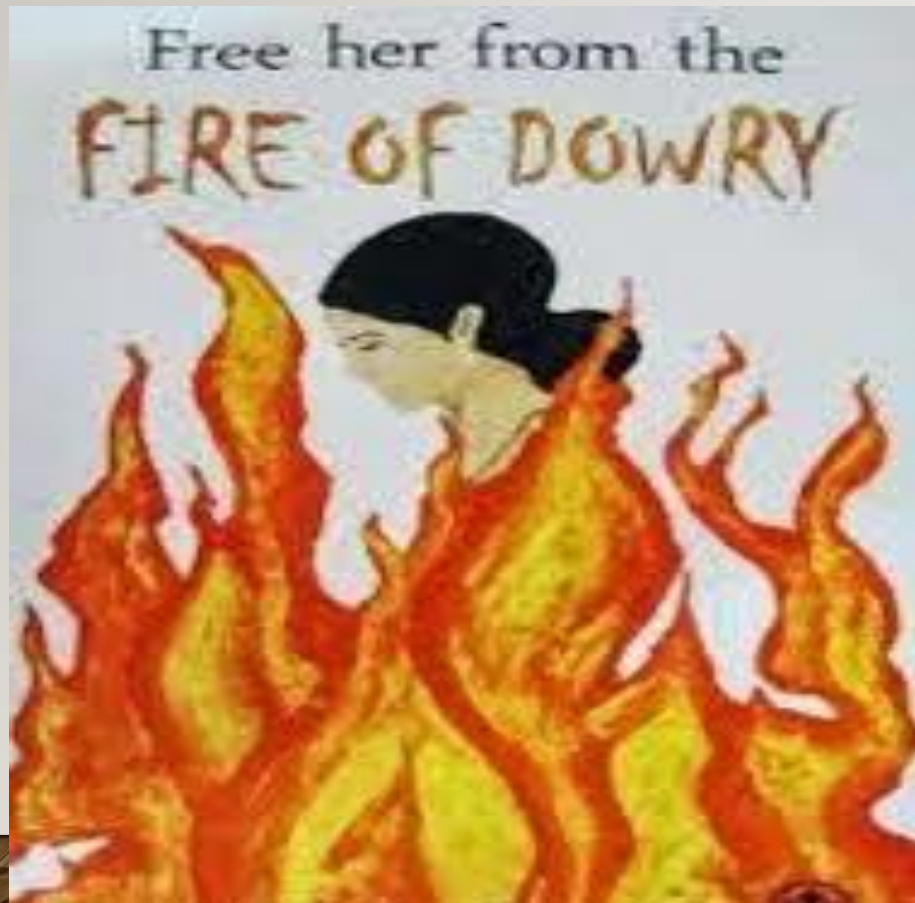
ACID ATTACKS



RAPES



DOWRY DEATHS



HUNGER

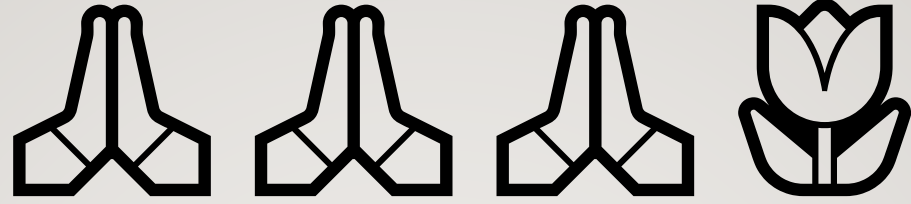


POVERTY



UNEMPLOYMENT





THANK YOU

