Introduction to Machine Learning

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What is Machine Learning...???

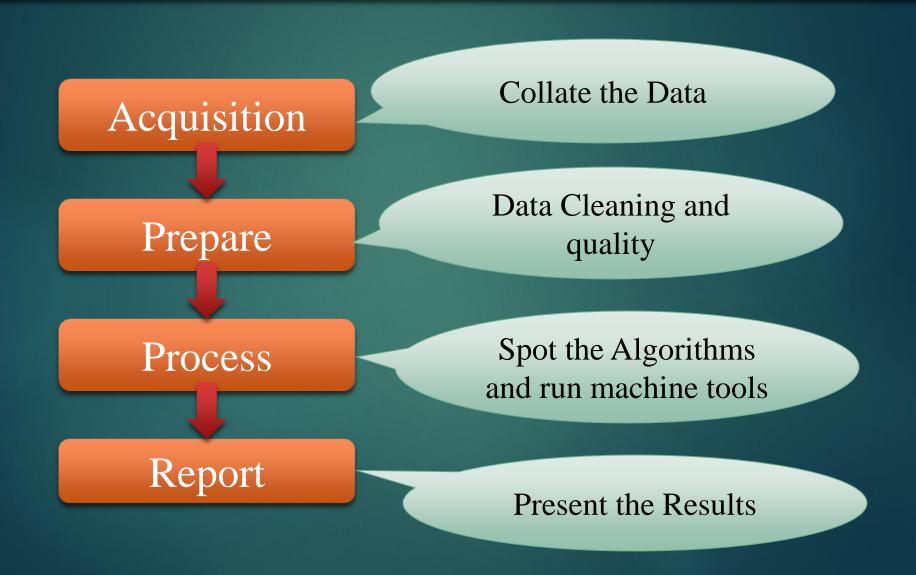
Definitions:

- ▶ <u>Arthur Samuel (1959):</u> Machine Learning is Field of study that gives computers the ability to learn without being explicitly programmed.
- ▶ When a deterministic algorithms fails to solve the real life problem, then machine learning is applied to solve the problem.
- ▶ It obtains a hypothesis from the previously known information to predict future unknown scenario.

Outlines.....

- Defining Machine Learning
- ► Machine Learning Process
- ► Types of Machine Learning
- Supervised Learning
- Unsupervised Learning
- ► Reinforcement Learning
- List of dataset online sources
- ▶ List of useful language for machine learning modeling

Machine Learning Process



Applications

- **▶** Large datasets from growth of automation/web.
 - ► E.g., Web click data, medical records, biology, engineering
- ► Applications can't program by hand.
 - ► E.g., Autonomous helicopter, handwriting recognition, most of Natural Language Processing (NLP).
- **▶** Self-customizing programs
 - ▶ E.g., Amazon, Netflix product recommendations
- ▶ Understanding human learning (brain, real AI).

Type Machine Learning Algorithms

- **►** Supervised Learning
 - **▶**Classification
 - Regression
- **►** Unsupervised Learning
 - **▶**Clustering
- **▶** Reinforcement Learning

Types of Supervised Learning

Classification:

- It utilizes the labeled data for building the model to predict the discrete labels of unknown test samples.
- ► Example:
 - Financial Institution: Credit Scoring by the banks (Low-risk and High-risk)

Regression

- It utilizes the labeled data for building the model to predict the continuous labels of unknown test samples.
- Example:
 - ► Housing prize prediction

Applications of Supervised Learning

- Handwriting recognition
- Bioinformatics
- Information retrieval
- OCR (Optical Character recognition)
- Pattern recognition
- Speech recognition
- Spam detection

Unsupervised Learning

- ▶ Unsupervised learning is a type of machine learning algorithm used to draw inferences from datasets consisting of input data without labeled responses.
- The most common unsupervised learning method is *cluster analysis*, which is used for exploratory data analysis to find hidden patterns or grouping in data.

Applications of Unsupervised Learning

- Social network analysis
- •Image analysis
- Summarizing news
- Document summarization
- Marketing
- Land use

Semi-supervised Learning

•It is a task of supervised learning which utilized unlabeled data for the training.

•It is typically employed where small amount of labeled data with large amount of unlabeled data.

Application of Semi-supervised Learning

- Text classification
- Document classification
- Image classification
- •Hyper-spectral image classification
- Streaming data classification

Reinforcement Learning

▶ It is the problem of getting an agent to act in the world so as to maximize its rewards.

▶ It utilizes the reward and penalty to optimize the policy.

► Example: Train computers to do many tasks, such as playing backgammon or chess, scheduling jobs, and controlling robot limbs.

Reference: http://www.cs.ubc.ca/~murphyk/Bayes/pomdp.html

Some References of Datasets Repositories...

- www.KDnuggets.com
- www.archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/
- ► <u>www.data.gov.uk</u>
- www.kaggle.com
- www.Labrosa.ee.columbia.edu/millionsong/

Languages for Machine Learning Algorithms Implementation

- **Python**
- **►**Matlab
- R
- **▶**Weka
- **▶**Rapidminer

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Thank You